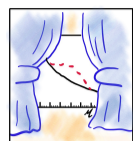


CURTAINS

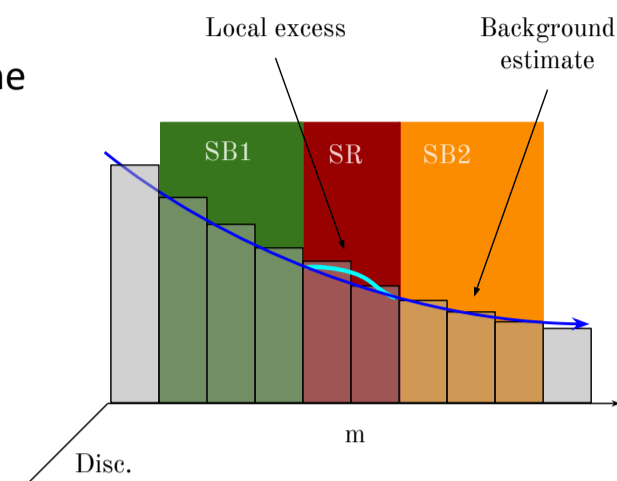


Anomaly Detection

- In high energy physics we are looking for a tiny signal in an overwhelming background.
- We want to develop **model independent** methods for searching for new physics.
- We can assume that new resonances are localised in some feature.
- **How can we do a model independent search using this simple assumption?**

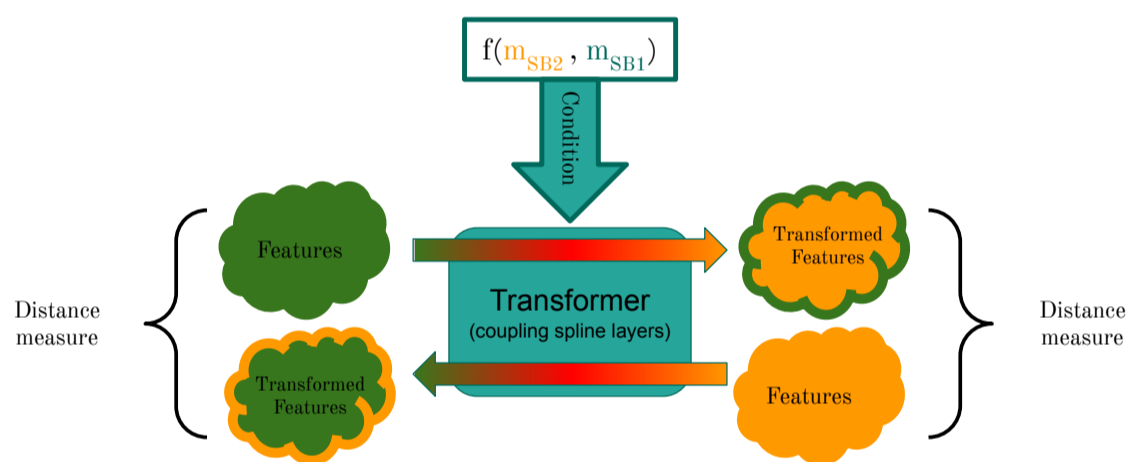
Bump Hunts

- Need background estimate in the Signal Region (SR).
- Extrapolate from the sidebands (SB).
- Look for a bump!
- Need additional observables to increase sensitivity.
- **How to extend interpolation?**



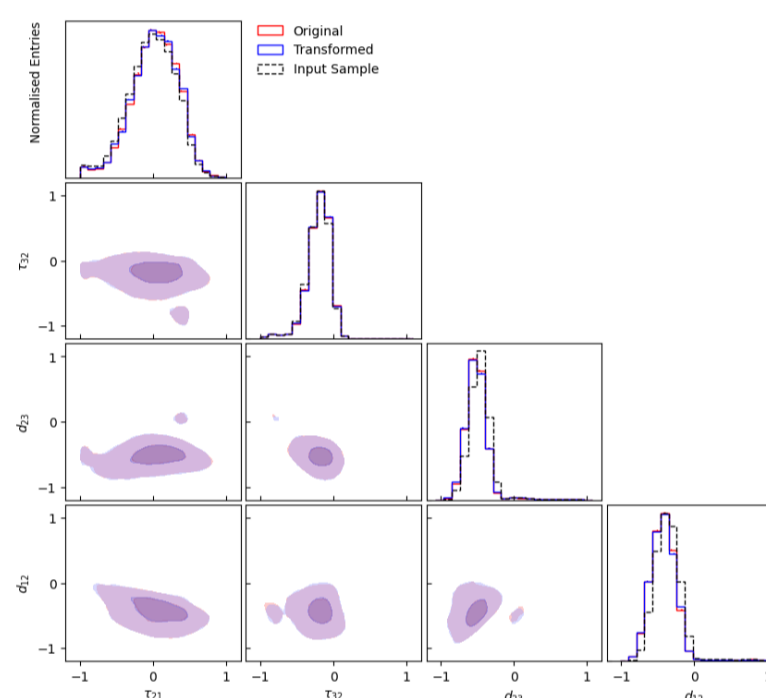
Method

- **Transform** data from the sidebands into the signal region.
- Transformed side bands provide a background template.
- Train a classifier to separate signal region samples from background template.
- Training on mixtures of samples results in the optimal classifier.



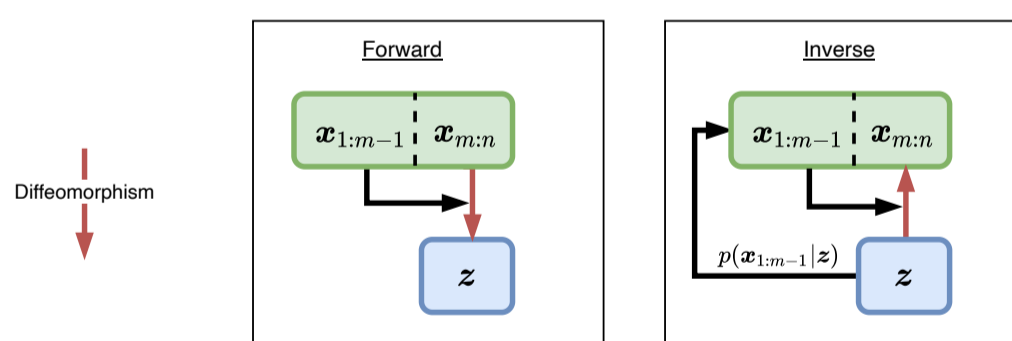
Results

Transformed samples from both side bands are **indistinguishable** from signal region samples



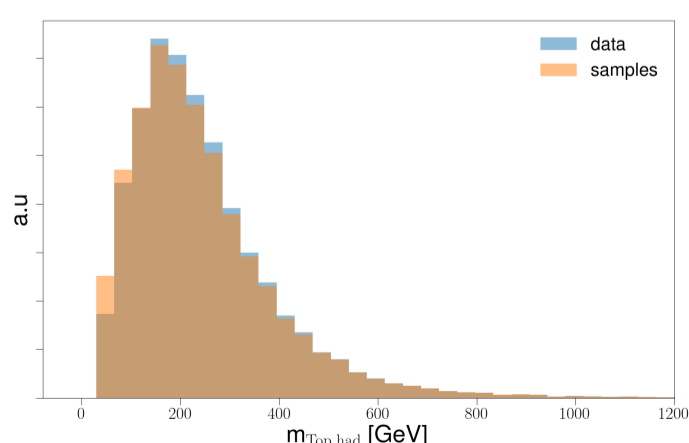
Funnels

$$\log p(\mathbf{x}) \simeq \log p(\mathbf{z}) + \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{x}) + \mathcal{E}(\mathbf{x})$$



$$\mathcal{V}(\mathbf{x}) = \log |\det(J_\theta(\mathbf{x}_{m:n}))| + \log p(\mathbf{x}_{1:m-1}|\mathbf{z}) \quad \mathcal{E} = 0$$

- Unlike auto encoders, **exact likelihoods** can be calculated.
- Unlike normalising flows, the data dimension can be **reduced**.
- Strongly correlated distributions such as those in this $t\bar{t}$ sample can be learned.

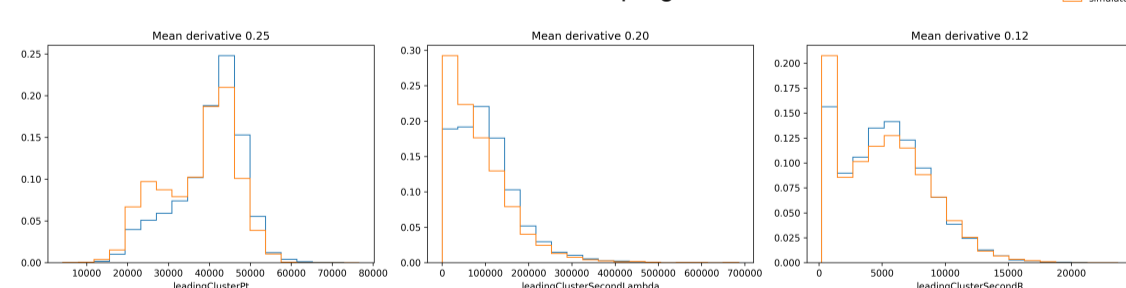


This method allows likelihood methods to scale to **large datasets** efficiently.

DREAM

- How to automatically **validate** high dimensional simulations?
- Many variables of interest, different approaches, skewed distributions, low statistics... **Difficult** to validate!
- **Density Ratio Estimation for Automatic Monitoring** uses a classifier to separate simulated samples from true samples.

ATLAS Work in progress



The **derivatives** of the classifier can be used to order the features.

Sample	AUC	Model
	0.527	FCSGAN
Pions 262 GeV 1.5 η	0.538	FastCaloGANv1
	0.540	FastCaloGAN
	0.602	FCS

The classifier's ability to separate (AUC) **scores** the model. More separation = worse modelling.